

Audio Tactile Pavement Markings (ATPM) and Raised Reflectorised Pavement Markings (RRPM), otherwise known as rumble strips.

New Zealand research bibliography

Reference Type: Report

Record Number: 563

Author: S. Charlton and P. H. Baas

Year: 2006

Title: Speed change management for New Zealand roads

Series Title: Land Transport New Zealand Research Report 300

City: Wellington

Pages: 144pp

Publisher: L. T. N. Zealand

Short Title: Speed change management for New Zealand roads

Report Number: research report 300

Keywords: roads

road hierarchy

self-explaining roads

speed

speed reduction

traffic calming

traffic management (Traffic control)

LATM

RRPM

Abstract: The goal of the present research, carried out between July 2004 and June 2005 was to identify and develop New Zealand speed management approaches that influence drivers' speed choices by manipulating road features that evoke correct expectations and driving behaviours from road users.

The research first reviewed the available published research in the areas of traffic calming, self-explaining roads, and perceptual countermeasures. A range of speed management designs were identified for threshold treatments that clearly indicate a change in speed, and treatments that encourage drivers to maintain an appropriate speed in the zone.

A sample site survey of driver speeds was conducted to compare vehicle speeds at several locations and provide an indication of whether the variables reported in the overseas literature would have equivalent effects on New Zealand roads. A questionnaire was then prepared to obtain road safety researchers' ratings of the effectiveness (speed compliance), sustainability (resistance to habituation), and suitability (road user acceptance) of road designs for speed change and speed maintenance. The results of the questionnaire were summarised and used to develop a list of speed management designs with the greatest promise for implementing sustainably safe, self-explaining roads in New Zealand.

URL: <http://www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/research/reports/300/docs/300.pdf>

'File' Attachments: internal-pdf://300-2923842816/300.pdf

Reference Type: Conference Paper

Record Number: 561

Author: V. Dravitzki, D. Walton, T. Lester and R. Jackett

Year: 2007

Title: Measuring the effects of audio tactile profiled roadmarkings

Conference Name: New Zealand Road Markers Federation Conference 2007

Keywords: ATPM

RRPM

audio tactile profiled road marking

raised pavement marking

rumble strips

URL: <http://www.nzrf.co.nz/techdocs/conferencepapers2007/Effects-ATPR-Dravitzki.pdf>

'File' **Attachments:** internal-pdf://audiotactileprofiledmarkings-1463422720/audiotactileprofiledmarkings.pdf

Access Date: 16 August 2010

Reference Type: Report

Record Number: 564

Author: H. Mackie and P. H. Baas

Year: 2007

Title: The cost effectiveness of delineation improvements for safety

Series Title: Land Transport New Zealand Research Report 322

Pages: 30pp

Publisher: L. T. N. Zealand

Short Title: The cost effectiveness of delineation improvements for safety

Report Number: research report 322

Keywords: road safety

delineation

Audio tactile profiled road marking

benefit

cost

RRPM

ATPM

ATP

Abstract: The purpose of this research was to develop a cost management tool that would assist road controlling authorities and their consultants to prioritise delineation treatments that have added safety benefits compared with standard road markings. A spreadsheet-based cost management tool was developed and then applied to a range of typical road marking situations. It would appear that audio tactile road markings provide significant safety benefits that outweigh the treatment costs even at relatively low traffic volumes. This report recommends that audio tactile profiled road markings be installed on a much more widespread basis where road conditions allow and policy changes should reflect this. Further research should be conducted to determine the appropriateness of their use in situations where little sealed shoulder exists, such as near residential dwellings and where the road is commonly used by cyclists.

URL: <http://www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/research/reports/322/docs/322.pdf>

'File' Attachments: internal-pdf://322-3712627968/322.pdf

Reference Type: Report

Record Number: 562

Author: J. P. Edgar, H. Mackie and P. H. Baas

Year: 2009

Title: The Usability and Safety of Audio Tactile Profiled Road Markings

City: Wellington

Publisher: N. Z. T. Agency

Short Title: The Usability and Safety of Audio Tactile Profiled Road Markings

Report Number: 365

Keywords: Audio tactile profiled road marking

benefits

centreline

costs

delineation

edgeline

line markings

profiled

road markings

road safety

rumble strips

RRPM

ATPM

ATP

Abstract: Audio Tactile Profiled (ATP) road markings (also known by road users as rumble strips) have been used at selected locations on New Zealand roads in recent years. However, a recent Land Transport Research report established that more extensive use of these markings over a wider range of traffic volumes and roadway situations would result in cost-effective crash reductions. The potential benefit of ATP road markings is recognised by KiwiRAP, the New Zealand Automobile Association's New Zealand Road Assessment Programme partnership with government and transport agencies, dedicated to helping achieve the government's Road Safety to 2010 strategy through road driver awareness and improvement measures.

Land Transport New Zealand (now NZTA) therefore commissioned this project to investigate possible impediments to the wider use of ATP road markings and to consider whether the existing guidelines for their use need to be reviewed. Based largely on consultation, the report provides an overview of practice and technology currently applied to the use of ATP road markings in New Zealand. It recommends best practice guidelines and changes to decision making processes, technical standards and some further research.

The project provides information needed by highway managers and ATP road marking installation contractors. The recommendations inform the development of changes to rules and decision making procedures and, when adopted, should result in significantly increased usage of ATP road markings and a corresponding increase in crash savings

URL: <http://www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/research/reports/365/>

'File' Attachments: internal-pdf://RR365 Audio Tactile Road Markings-2906622976/RR365 Audio Tactile Road Markings.pdf

Reference Type: Report

Record Number: 565

Author: D. Walton

Year: 2006

Title: Balancing the needs of cyclists and motorists

Series Title: Land Transport New Zealand Research Report 273

Publisher: L. T. N. Zealand

Short Title: Balancing the needs of cyclists and motorists

Keywords: Cycling

RRPM

ATPM

ATP

perception of cycle safety

Safety

Stability

Abstract: Study 1: The effects of roadside obstacles on cycle stability

Study 2: The effects of trucks passing on cycle stability

Study 3: The effects of roadside obstacles on cyclists' behaviour

Study 4: Parents' perceptions of cycle safety for high-school children

Between 2002-2004 a four-part research programme was undertaken to identify hazards to cyclists from features of the road network that are designed to benefit motorists. The four studies were: 1: The effects of roadside obstacles on cycle stability; 2: The effects of trucks passing on cycle stability; 3: The effects of roadside obstacles on cyclists' behaviour; 4: Parents' perceptions of cycle safety for high-school children.

The perspective of the research is to recognise and understand the conflicting needs of cyclists and motorists who share a road corridor. The outcome is to facilitate more informed decisionmaking in design, maintenance and management of the road corridor by balancing the needs of cyclists and motorists.

URL: <http://www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/research/reports/273/docs/273-summary.pdf>

'File' Attachments: internal-pdf://273-summary-1414361856/273-summary.pdf

Access Date: 16 August 2010